Partial exam EE2S11 Signals and Systems Part 2: 1 February 2019, 13:30–15:30

Closed book; two sides of handwritten notes permitted

This exam consists of five questions (40 points)

Question 1 (12 points)

a) Given the signal $x[n] = [\cdots, 0, 0], 1, 2, 0, \cdots].$

Determine y[n] = x[n] * x[-n] using the convolution sum (in time-domain).

- b) Also determine y[n] in a) via the z-transform (do you obtain the same result?).
- c) Given x[n] = (n-1)u[n]. Determine H(z), also specify the ROC.
- d) Given $X(z) = \frac{4z}{(z-1)(z+0.25)}$, ROC = {|z| > 1}.

Determine x[n] using the inverse z-transform.

- e) Let x[n] = u[n+2] u[n-3]. Determine the DTFT $X(e^{j\omega})$.
- f) Suppose the DTFT of a signal x[n] is $X(e^{j\omega})$. What is the DTFT of $\cos(3n) \cdot x[n]$?

Question 2 (6 points)

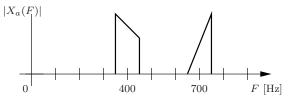
A causal system is specified by the transfer function

$$H(z) = \frac{z^2 + 1}{(z - 0.9)(z + 0.9)}$$

- a) Determine all poles and zeros of the system and draw a pole-zero plot.
- b) What is the ROC?
- c) Is this a stable system?
- d) Sketch the amplitude spectrum $|H(e^{j\omega})|$, also indicate values on the frequency axis.

Question 3 (7 points)

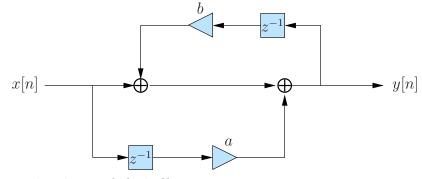
A real-valued continuous-time signal $x_a(t)$ has frequency components around 400 Hz and 700 Hz, as shown in the figure (the bands are 100 Hz wide).



- a) At which frequency should we at least sample to avoid loss of information or distortion?
- b) The signal is sampled at $F_s = 1000$ Hz, resulting in x[n], no filtering is applied. Draw the amplitude spectrum of x[n], also indicate the frequency axis for ω and relate it to the corresponding frequencies in Hz.
- c) Is it possible to reconstruct the original signal $x_a(t)$ from the sampled signal? (Motivate your answer.)
- d) Discuss what happens if $F_s = 1100$ Hz.

Question 4 (5 points)

a) Determine the transfer function H(z) of the following realization:



- b) Is this a minimal realization? (Why?)
- c) Draw the "Direct form no. II" realization and also specify the coefficients.

Question 5 (10 points)

Design a first-order digital lowpass filter H(z) satisfying the following specifications:

Passband frequency: $\omega_p = 0.3\pi$, Damping outside the passband: at least 10 dB

Use the bilinear transform and base your design on an analog Butterworth filter.

- a) What is the passband frequency in the analog frequency domain?
- b) What is the generic form of $|H_a(j\Omega)|^2$ of a first-order analog Butterworth filter? What is the corresponding $H_a(s)$?
- c) Determine $|H_a(j\Omega)|^2$ that meets the specifications.
- d) What is the corresponding analog filter $H_a(s)$ that meets the specifications?
- e) What is the desired digital filter H(z)?
- f) Demonstrate (verify) that the resulting H(z) meets the specifications.